

Data Privacy/Cybersecurity

2019-2020

How do we ensure protection of student and staff data?



What is Cybersecurity?



The protection of Internet-connected systems and data from accidental damage, intentional attacks, or unauthorized access.



Systems include networks, servers, computers and other hardware and software.



Data includes user-generated content and personally identifiable information.

What is Data Privacy?

 How an organization determines the authorized access of the data it stores to be shared with third parties.

 How an organization complies with the legal requirements of how it handles information.



Why focus on Cybersecurity and Data Privacy Now?



What is Ransomware?



- A type of malware virus that encrypts computer systems and locks user files illegally.
- It is usually delivered via malicious Web ads or via spam scams that trick users into clicking an illegitimate email file attachment or link.
- Ransom payments are demanded in order to regain access with a decryption key

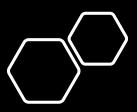
Rockville Centre pays alr ost \$100G to hackers after ransomware attack, officials say



Newsday: Rockville Centre pays almost \$100G to hackers after ransomware attack, officials say

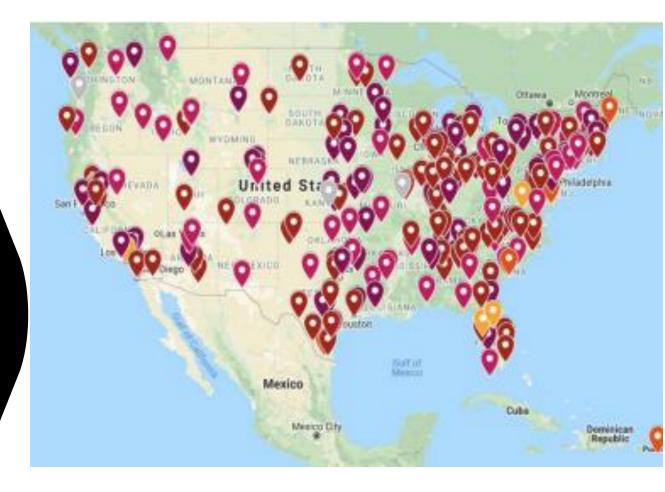






Ransomware Statistics

- Over 500 US schools were hit with ransomware in 2019. *
- Map of U.S. Ransomware Attacks.
 - U.S. medical, educational, and governmental organizations.



Source: Armor Cybersecurity, September 26, 2019

Source: PC Matic Antivirus, October 15, 2019



What Is Ed. Law § 2-d?

- Went Into Effect in April 2014.
- Prohibits the unauthorized release of personally identifiable student, teacher, or administrator data.
- Requires Parents' Bill of Rights for Data Privacy and Security.
- Requires Software Supplement.
- Requires both of the above to be posted on school district websites.
- Implementation regulations have been under development since then but have not yet been approved and released by NYSED.

Parents' Bill of Rights for Data Privacy and Security

Parents' Bill of Rights:

- To inform parents of the legal requirements regarding privacy, security and use of student data.
- Parents' Bill of Rights, with software used, must be posted on website
 - Due diligence must be made to ensure all online tools/software is in compliance with Law 2d.

Law 2d:

- To foster privacy and security of Personal Identifable Information of students and staff
- Ensures data safety when...
 - Sharing student data, using software and online tools

What is PII?

 FERPA protects personally identifiable information (PII) contained in student records:

Personal
Identifiable
Information

- Students name
- Parents name
- Physical address
- Social security number
- Date/Place of birth
- Mother's maiden name
 - Alone or in combination



Understanding Data

- **Personally identifiable** information refers to any information that could identify the students. This includes, but is not limited to: their name, parent or family members' names, address of student or family, birth date, email address, telephone number, social security number, geolocation information, screen names, user names, photographs, and videos.
- **De-identified data** refers to the process of anonymizing, removing or obscuring any personally identifiable information from student data to prevent the unintended disclosure of the identity of the student and information about him/her.

• Aggregated data is summarized information about a group of students and does not include any identifiable information on individual students.

Technology Empowers

Power of Meaningful Anytime, Anywhere Collaboration between **Technology Technology** Learning Students integration in the allows us to..... Classroom

"With Great Power Comes Great Responsibility"

Taken from Eileen Belastook "Data Privacy: Are We Keeping Ourselves and Our Students Safe" webinar

Power:	Meaningful Technology integration	Anytime, anywhere learning	Collaboration between student & staff
Responsibility:	Instituting Vetting Process for App and Software purchases even when using outside funding	Providing Data Privacy Education to Teachers, Staff, and Students	 Developing Responsible Use Guidelines Digital Citizenship Creating a new school culture Modified from Student Data Privacy Communications

Federal Student Privacy Laws

• FERPA: Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act

NSLA: National School Lunch Act

• **IDEA**: Individuals with Disabilities Act

• PPRA: Protection of Pupil Rights Amendment

• COPPA: Children's Online Privacy Protection Act



These laws are designed to protect student data and prohibit any misuse.

Protecting Student/Staff Privacy

When choosing Software, keep in mind:

- Do students/teachers need to add any PII information?
- How does the Software vendor PROTECT student/teacher data? (Are they protecting their data or sharing their information?)
- At the expiration of the agreement, how do they <u>DISPOSE</u> of student/teacher information?
- Where is the student/teacher data stored- **LOCATION**? What are the security protections they are taking to ensure data is protected.
- Purpose for data collection?

Note: All software requests should go to your supervising AP.

All approved software must be put in Parent's Bill of Rights



Communicating via E-Mail

- Strong password combination of letters and numbers
- Be aware of sender. Report suspicious email
- Office 365 to Share Files
- Email Password Protect Files with PII information; call sender with password.

Communicating via E-Mail

; <u> </u>	To:	hdiamond@anyschool.org	
Send	Subject	Ezra Stand	

Dear Principal Diamond,

Please come to a parent conference for senior Ezra Stand next Friday at 3:00PM. Ezra has been absent from my class nine times this quarter, and even when he is in class, he is entirely disrespectful and verbally abusive to other students. I know his emotional disturbance is a factor, but there must be something that can be done to bring more order to the classroom. Ezra has a failing grade for this marking period, and there's no chance that he will be able to pass this course this year.

Thanks, Diana Dion

PASSWORDS ARE LIKE **TOOTH BRUSHES** good one never share change occasionally

Passwords...

Keep them private, make them strong, Never SHARE



Student Data Privacy Communication Toolkit

Resources



Online Training Videos



US Department of Education Protecting Student Privacy